A GUIDE TO BASIC NAVAJO SENTENCE STRUCTURES



BASE FORMAT



Note: Writing in the Navajo language can <u>only</u> be grammatically correct while a subject, object, and verb exist in a S-O-V order. Notice that Navajo sentences end with a verb, which is different from the English language.

Tł'izi yázhi tł'oh ayiiłchozh.

Legend

- A Adverb
- **E** Enclitic
- L/T Location/Time
- Object
- Oa Object (adjective)
- P Postposition
- **S** Subject
- **Sa** Subject (adjective)
- V Verb

ADDING LOCATION/TIME AND ADVERBS



Tł'ízí yázhí i'íi'áádáá' tł'oh ałtso ayííłchozh.

Note: Location and time can be added before or after the subject. Both location and time can be interchangeable or switched. Like the English langauge, adverbs may be added before the verb.

ADDING ADJECTIVES



Note: When adding adjectives, they should immediately follow a noun, such as a subject or object. The adjective should describe the noun.

Tsé Nitsaa Deez'áhídi, Tł'ízí yázhí lizhinígíí, i'íi'áádáá' tl'oh dííldzidgo altso ayíílchozh.

ADDING POSTPOSITIONS



Tł'ízí yázhí lizhinígií, shíighah, i'ii'áádáá' th'oh díildziidgo altso ayiilchozh.

Note: Postpositions, like adjectives, come after a noun. It relates that noun to some other word in the sentence, usually in terms of physical position.

Postposition Examples

Shikáá' | nikáá' | bikáá' | yikáá' | hakáá' | *on top of* Shinaa | ninaa | binaa | yinaa| hanaa | *around* Shine' | nine' | bine' | yine' | hane' | *behind*

ADDING ENCLITICS



Navajo sentences should end with a verb. When adding an enclitic to the ending verb, a verb must be added.

Tł'ízí yázhí lizhinígíí, shíighah, i'íi'áádáá' th'oh dííldziidgo altso ayíílchozhígíí hanáyiiskoh.

Note: Enclitics are closely connected in pronunciation with a preceding word. Adding enclitics allow a sentence to become more complex, by adding more information.

Types of Enclitics

Noun-making -igií | -i | -ii Time -dáá' Space -déé' | -gi | -góó Subordinating -go